Safety data sheet According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU

DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses: Hardener for coatings

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

DUROSTICK SA PATIMA KOROREMI

193 00 ASPROPIRGOS, ATTICA - GREECE

Phone.: 211 60 03 500-599 -Fax: 210 55 99 612 info@durostick.gr www.durostick.gr

1.4 Emergency telephone number: 210 7793 777

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION **

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

CLP Regulation (EC) nº 1272/2008:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) no 1272/2008.

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304 Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318 Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity, Category 2, H361d Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1A: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1A, H317

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, Category 2, H373

STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

2.2 Label elements:

CLP Regulation (EC) no 1272/2008:

Danger









Hazard statements:

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage Flam. Lig. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Repr. 2: H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statements:

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

P102: Keep out of reach of children

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P264: Wash thoroughly after handling

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P501: Dispose of contents and / or their container according to the separated collection system used in your municipality

Date of compilation: 13/03/2014 Revised: 11/12/2017 Version: 2 (Replaced 1) **Page 1/14**

^{**} Changes with regards to the previous version

DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION ** (continued)

Supplementary information:

EUH208: Contains Trientine. May produce an allergic reaction

Substances that contribute to the classification

Toluene; Polyamide; naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7; Ethylbenzene

2.3 Other hazards:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Solution composed of amines

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) no1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification		Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: 108-88-3 EC: 203-625-9 Index: 601-021-00-3 REACH 01-2119471310-51-XXX	Toluene ¹ Regulation 1272/2008	Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Repr. 2: H361d; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STO RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	ATP CLP00 OT	75 - <100 %
CAS: 68410-23-1 EC: 614-452-7 Index: Non-applicable REACH Non-applicable	Polyamide ¹ Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317; Skin Sens. 1A: H31 Sens. 1B: H317; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	Self-classified 7; Skin	4,9 - <9,9 %
CAS: 111-76-2 EC: 203-905-0 Index: 603-014-00-0 REACH 01-2119475108-36-XXX	2-butoxyethanol ¹ Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H302+H312+H332; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warn	ATP CLP00 ing	4,9 - <9,9 %
CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 265-185-4 Index: 649-330-00-2 REACH 01-2119490979-12-XXX	naphtha (petroleum), Regulation 1272/2008	hydrodesulphurized heavy , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 1 Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	ATP ATP05	2,4 - <4,9 %
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH 01-2119488216-32-XXX	Xylene ¹ Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	ATP CLP00	0,9 - <2,4 %
CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 REACH 01-2119489370-35-XXX	Ethylbenzene ² Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT RE 2: H373 - Danger	ATP ATP06	0,24 - <0,9
CAS: 112-24-3 EC: 203-950-6 Index: 612-059-00-5 REACH Non-applicable	Trientine ¹ Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; Skin Sens. Danger	ATP CLP00 1: H317 -	0,24 - <0,9 %

 $^{^{1}}$ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 2 Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

To obtain more information on the risk of the substances consult sections 8, 11, 12, 15 and 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures: 4.1

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Date of compilation: 13/03/2014 Revised: 11/12/2017 Version: 2 (Replaced 1) Page 2/14

^{**} Changes with regards to the previous version

Safety data sheet According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU

DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administrate anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO2). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use tap water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inertization agent. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

Date of compilation: 13/03/2014 Revised: 11/12/2017 Version: 2 (Replaced 1) **Page 3/14**

Safety data sheet According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU

DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD NOT BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. Transfer in fixed places that comply with the necessary security conditions (emergency showers and eyewash stations in close proximity), using personal protection equipment, especially on the hands and face (See section 8). Limit manual transfers to containers of small amounts. Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 30 °C

Maximum time: 24 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the work environment

Identification		Environmental lin	nits
Toluene	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	192 mg/m ³
CAS: 108-88-3	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	384 mg/m ³
EC: 203-625-9	Year	2017	
2-butoxyethanol	IOELV (8h)	20 ppm	98 mg/m ³
CAS: 111-76-2	IOELV (STEL)	50 ppm	246 mg/m ³
EC: 203-905-0	Year	2017	
Xylene	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m ³
CAS: 1330-20-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m ³
EC: 215-535-7	Year	2017	
Ethylbenzene	IOELV (8h)	100 ppm	442 mg/m ³
CAS: 100-41-4	IOELV (STEL)	200 ppm	884 mg/m ³
EC: 202-849-4	Year	2017	

DNEL (Workers):

Date of compilation: 13/03/2014 Revised: 11/12/2017 Version: 2 (Replaced 1) **Page 4/14**



DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

	Short exposure		exposure	Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Toluene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 108-88-3	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	384 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-625-9	Inhalation	384 mg/m ³	384 mg/m ³	192 mg/m ³	192 mg/m ³
2-butoxyethanol	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 111-76-2	Dermal	89 mg/kg	Non-applicable	75 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-905-0	Inhalation	663 mg/m ³	246 mg/m ³	98 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	289 mg/m ³	77 mg/m³	Non-applicable
Ethylbenzene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 100-41-4	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 202-849-4	Inhalation	Non-applicable	293 mg/m ³	77 mg/m³	Non-applicable

DNEL (General population):

		Short exposure		Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Toluene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	8,13 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 108-88-3	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	226 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-625-9	Inhalation	226 mg/m ³	226 mg/m ³	56,5 mg/m ³	56,5 mg/m ³
2-butoxyethanol	Oral	13,4 mg/kg	Non-applicable	3,2 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 111-76-2	Dermal	44,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable	38 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-905-0	Inhalation	426 mg/m ³	123 mg/m ³	49 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	108 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	14,8 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Ethylbenzene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 100-41-4	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
EC: 202-849-4	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	15 mg/m ³	Non-applicable

PNEC:

Identification				
Toluene	STP	13,61 mg/L	Fresh water	0,68 mg/L
CAS: 108-88-3	Soil	2,89 mg/kg	Marine water	0,68 mg/L
EC: 203-625-9	Intermittent	0,68 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	16,39 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	16,39 mg/kg
2-butoxyethanol	STP	463 mg/L	Fresh water	8,8 mg/L
CAS: 111-76-2	Soil	3,13 mg/kg	Marine water	0,88 mg/L
EC: 203-905-0	Intermittent	9,1 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	34,6 mg/kg
	Oral	20 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	Non-applicable
Xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	STP	9,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,1 mg/L
CAS: 100-41-4	Soil	2,68 mg/kg	Marine water	0,01 mg/L
EC: 202-849-4	Intermittent	0,1 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	13,7 mg/kg
	Oral	20 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	1,37 mg/kg
	Oral	20 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	1,37 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place

Date of compilation: 13/03/2014 Revised: 11/12/2017 Version: 2 (Replaced 1) **Page 5/14**

Safety data sheet According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU

DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure (Directive 98/24/EC) it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the professional exposure limits. In case of using individual protection equipment they should have the CE marking in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	CAT III	EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	CAT III	EN 374-1:2003 EN 374-3:2003/AC:2006 EN 420:2003+A1:2009	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application

D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Face mask	CAT II	EN 166:2001 EN 167:2001 EN 168:2001 EN ISO 4007:2012	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	CAT III	EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982-1:2004/A1:2010 EN ISO 6529:2001 EN ISO 6529:2001 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1994	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	CAT III	EN 13287:2008 EN ISO 20345:2011 EN 13832-1:2006	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2002	Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2002

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C:

Appearance:

Colour:

Yellowish

Odour:

Characteristic

Odour threshold:

Non-applicable *

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: 116 °C Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 2646 Pa

Vapour pressure at 50 °C: 10995 Pa (11 kPa) Evaporation rate at 20 °C: Non-applicable *

Product description:

Density at 20 °C: 883 kg/m³ Relative density at 20 °C: 0,883 Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C: 0,81 cP Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C: 0,92 cSt Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C: <20,5 cSt Concentration: Non-applicable * pH: Non-applicable * Vapour density at 20 °C: Non-applicable * Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C: Non-applicable *

Solubility in water at 20 °C:

Non-applicable *

Solubility properties:

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Oxidising properties:

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Flammability:

Flash Point: 6 °C

Flammability (solid, gas): Non-applicable *

Autoignition temperature: 238 °C

Lower flammability limit: Not available

Upper flammability limit: Not available

Explosive:

Lower explosive limit: Non-applicable *
Upper explosive limit: Non-applicable *

9.2 Other information:

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

Date of compilation: 13/03/2014 Revised: 11/12/2017 Version: 2 (Replaced 1) **Page 7/14**

Safety data sheet According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU

DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Surface tension at 20 °C: Non-applicable *
Refraction index: Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Combustive materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. With possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health, it is recommended not to breathe the vapours for long periods of time.

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

- A.- Ingestion (acute effect):
 - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
 - Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
 - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
 - Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
 - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
 - Contact with the eyes: Produces serious eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

Date of compilation: 13/03/2014 Revised: 11/12/2017 Version: 2 (Replaced 1) **Page 8/14**

Safety data sheet According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU

DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Cutaneous: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
 - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
 - Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

H- Aspiration hazard:

The consumption of a considerable dose can cause pulmonary damage.

Other information:

Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	A	Acute toxicity	
Kylene	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg (ATEi)	Rat
EC: 215-535-7	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	
Toluene	LD50 oral	5580 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-88-3	LD50 dermal	12124 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 203-625-9	LC50 inhalation	28,1 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LD50 oral	5100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 64742-82-1	LD50 dermal	3160 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 265-185-4	LC50 inhalation	12 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 oral	500 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 111-76-2	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 203-905-0	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Ethylbenzene	LD50 oral	3500 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 100-41-4	LD50 dermal	15354 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 202-849-4	LC50 inhalation	17,2 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
rientine rientine	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 112-24-3	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 203-950-6	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Toxicity:

Date of compilation: 13/03/2014 Revised: 11/12/2017 Version: 2 (Replaced 1) **Page 9/14**



DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification		Acute toxicity	Species	Genus
Toluene	LC50	13 mg/L (96 h)	Carassius auratus	Fish
CAS: 108-88-3	EC50	11.5 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 203-625-9	EC50	125 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
2-butoxyethanol	LC50	1490 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus	Fish
CAS: 111-76-2	EC50	1815 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 203-905-0	EC50	911 mg/L (72 h)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Algae
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LC50	Non-applicable		
CAS: 64742-82-1	EC50	4.3 mg/L (96 h)	Crangon crangon	Crustacean
EC: 265-185-4	EC50	Non-applicable		
Xylene	LC50	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae
Ethylbenzene	LC50	42.3 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 100-41-4	EC50	75 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 202-849-4	EC50	63 mg/L (3 h)	Chlorella vulgaris	Algae
Trientine	LC50	495 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 112-24-3	EC50	31.1 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 203-950-6	EC50	Non-applicable		

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degr	adability	Biodegradab	ility
Toluene	BOD5	2.5 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 108-88-3	COD	Non-applicable	Period	14 days
EC: 203-625-9	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	100 %
2-butoxyethanol	BOD5	0.71 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 111-76-2	COD	2.2 g O2/g	Period	14 days
EC: 203-905-0	BOD5/COD	0.32	% Biodegradable	96 %
Xylene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 215-535-7	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
Ethylbenzene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 100-41-4	COD	Non-applicable	Period	14 days
EC: 202-849-4	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	90 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification		mulation potential
Toluene	BCF	13
CAS: 108-88-3	Pow Log	2.73
EC: 203-625-9	Potential	Low
2-butoxyethanol	BCF	3
CAS: 111-76-2	Pow Log	0.83
EC: 203-905-0	Potential	Low
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	BCF	645
CAS: 64742-82-1	Pow Log	4
EC: 265-185-4	Potential	High
Xylene	BCF	9
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low
Ethylbenzene	BCF	1
CAS: 100-41-4	Pow Log	3.15
EC: 202-849-4	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Date of compilation: 13/03/2014 Revised: 11/12/2017 Version: 2 (Replaced 1) **Page 10/14**



DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Toluene	Koc	178	Henry	672,8 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 108-88-3	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 203-625-9	Surface tension	2,793E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
2-butoxyethanol	Koc	8	Henry	1,621E-1 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 111-76-2	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	No
EC: 203-905-0	Surface tension	2,729E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Xylene	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
Ethylbenzene	Koc	520	Henry	798,44 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 100-41-4	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 202-849-4	Surface tension	2,859E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Trientine	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
CAS: 112-24-3	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
EC: 203-950-6	Surface tension	4,307E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Non-applicable

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

	Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
Ī	08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances	Dangerous

Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP3 Flammable, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage, HP10 Toxic for reproduction

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) $n^{o}1907/2006$ (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2017 and RID 2017:

Safety data sheet

According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU

DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



14.1 UN number: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3

Labels: 3

14.4 Packing group: II **14.5 Environmental hazards:** No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special regulations: 163, 367, 640D, 650

Tunnel restriction code: D/E

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Non-applicable Annex II of Marpol and the

IBC Code:

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 38-16:

14.1 UN number: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3 Labels: 3

14.4 Packing group: II
14.5 Environmental hazards: No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special regulations: 163, 367
EmS Codes: F-E, S-E
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: 5 L

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Non-applicable

Annex II of Marpol and the

IBC Code:

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2017:



14.1 UN number: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
 Labels: 3

 14.4 Packing group: II
 14.5 Environmental hazards: No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Non-applicable

Annex II of Marpol and the

IBC Code:

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable

Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable

Regulation (EC) 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Non-applicable

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc):

Date of compilation: 13/03/2014 Revised: 11/12/2017 Version: 2 (Replaced 1) Page 12/14

Safety data sheet According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU

DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Contains more than 0.1% of Toluene by weight. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures in a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight where the substance or mixture is used in adhesives or spray paints intended for supply to the general public.

Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- "whoopee" cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink hombs

Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

'For professional users only'.

Shall not be used in:

- —ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- -tricks and jokes,
- —games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830)

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

CLP Regulation (EC) nº 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):

· Precautionary statements

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H315: Causes skin irritation

H318: Causes serious eye damage

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

CLP Regulation (EC) no 1272/2008:

Safety data sheet

According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU

DUROEPOXY PRIMER (B)









SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Acute Tox. 4: H302+H312+H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

Acute Tox. 4: H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Repr. 2: H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction Skin Sens. 1B: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method Eye Dam. 1: Calculation method Skin Sens. 1A: Calculation method STOT RE 2: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method Repr. 2: Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method

Flam. Liq. 2: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol—water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.